

## 5.—Canadian Coin in Circulation, as at Dec. 31, 1957-66

NOTE.—The figures shown are of net issues of coin. Figures from 1901 are given in the corresponding table of previous Year Books beginning with the 1927-28 edition.

As at Dec. 31—	Silver	Nickel	Tombac <sup>1</sup>	Steel	Bronze	Total	Per Capita
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1957.....	107,116,450	8,910,869	550,743	3,455,886	14,745,243	134,779,191	8.11
1958.....	115,120,076	9,289,481	549,630	3,455,062	15,322,156	143,736,405	8.42
1959.....	123,344,059	9,865,012	549,237	3,454,209	16,150,222	153,362,739	8.77
1960.....	136,710,958	11,599,263	549,090	3,452,876	16,895,953	169,208,140	9.47
1961.....	146,902,352	14,110,198	549,021	3,451,708	18,311,853	183,325,132	10.05
1962.....	162,928,707	16,433,088	549,009	3,450,676	20,595,543	203,957,023	10.98
1963.....	180,492,972	18,627,087	548,999	3,449,476	23,383,788	226,502,922	11.99
1964.....	206,551,965	22,522,116	548,996	3,448,547	28,009,356	261,080,980	13.57
1965.....	239,927,246	26,397,784	548,989	3,447,516	30,968,064	301,289,599	15.39
1966.....	263,556,870	27,052,019	548,987	3,446,704	33,106,994	327,711,574	16.37

<sup>1</sup> Tombac, a copper-zinc alloy, was used to conserve nickel for war purposes; no coins of this metal have been issued since 1944.

*The Royal Canadian Mint.*\*—The Ottawa Mint, established as a branch of the Royal Mint under the (Imperial) Coinage Act of 1870, was opened on Jan. 2, 1908. On Dec. 1, 1931, it became the Royal Canadian Mint and now operates as a branch of the Department of Finance.

The principal functions of the Mint are the execution of domestic and foreign coin; the refining of gold and silver; the acquisition of gold, silver and other metals, payments for which are made on the basis of Mint assays; the control, preparation and movement of gold and coin shipments; the safeguarding of Mint holdings of monetary metals, including coin and precious metals in various processing stages until finished and issued; the fabrication and engraving of dies for coinage, medals, signatures and official seals; the issue of coin sets to numismatists and the administration of various regulations issued under the terms and provisions of the Currency, Mint and Exchange Fund Act (RSC 1952, c. 315).

## 6.—Receipts of Gold Bullion at the Royal Canadian Mint and Bullion and Coinage Issued, 1957-66

NOTE.—Figures from 1926 are given in the corresponding table of previous Year Books beginning with the 1946 edition.

Year	Gold Received	Gold Bullion Issued	Silver Coin Issued	Nickel Coin Issued	Bronze Coin Issued
	oz. t.	oz. t.	\$	\$	\$
1957.....	3,896,084	3,776,711	6,236,429	366,493	1,004,221
1958.....	3,958,459	4,088,706	8,044,753	379,616	578,274
1959.....	3,908,640	3,836,680	8,273,563	576,680	829,116
1960.....	4,024,626	4,014,771	13,432,251	1,735,707	748,101
1961.....	3,800,137	3,812,054	10,299,581	2,512,369	1,417,544
1962.....	3,488,974	3,520,406	16,114,240	2,324,212	2,284,925
1963.....	3,457,092	3,467,554	17,688,668	2,196,217	2,790,679
1964.....	3,188,868	3,173,573	26,153,154	3,895,746	4,626,963
1965.....	2,991,450	3,026,974	33,479,378	3,877,921	2,961,126
1966.....	2,676,402	2,631,400	23,722,162	655,948	2,140,711

**Dollar Currency and Bank Deposits.**—Bank of Canada statistics concerning currency and chartered bank deposits are given in Table 7.

\* Revised by the Master of the Royal Canadian Mint, Ottawa.